## **Chapter 9 Exercices Week 7 (Chapter 9+11)**

## Chapitre 9 and 11

**9.1.** Let P be a Markov kernel on  $X \times \mathscr{X}$ . Let  $\pi_1, \pi_2$  two invariant probability measures for P.

- 1. Show that  $\pi_1 \wedge \pi_2$  is an invariant measure for *P*.
- 2. Deduce that there exists two invariant probability measures for P that are mutually singular.
- 3. If *P* is  $\phi$ -irreducible, show that  $\pi_1$  dominates  $\phi$ .
- 4. Deduce that if *P* is irreducible, there is at most one invariant probability measure.

**9.2.** Let  $\lambda \in \mathbb{M}_+(\mathscr{X})$  and  $\eta \in (0,1)$ . Then show that  $\lambda$  is invariant for P if and only if it is invariant for  $K_{a_n}$ .

**9.3.** Let *C* be an accessible small set.

- 1. Show that there exists an integer *m* and a measure  $\mu_0$  such that *C* is  $(m, \mu_0)$ -small set with  $\mu_0(C) > 0$ .
- 2. Show that C is an accessible  $(1,\mu)$ -small set with  $\mu(C) > 0$  for the resolvent kernel  $K_{a_n}$  for any  $\eta > 0$ , i.e. *C* is strongly aperiodic for the resolvent kernel.
- 3. Show that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} K_{a_{\eta}}^{n} = \frac{1-\eta}{\eta}U$ . 4. Deduce that if *C* is recurrent for *P*, then it is also recurrent for  $K_{a_{\eta}}$ .

**9.4.** Let *C* be a  $(1, \varepsilon v)$ -small set for *P*. Assume that *P* is irreducible and that  $M := \sup_{x \in X} \mathbb{E}[\sigma_C] < \infty$ . Define  $\check{\alpha} = C \times \{1\}$  and  $\check{X} = X \times \{0, 1\}$  and  $\check{\mathcal{X}} = \mathscr{X} \otimes \mathscr{P}(\{0, 1\})$ . Define by  $\check{\mathbb{P}}_{\xi}$  the probability induced on the canonical space  $(\check{X}^{\mathbb{N}}, \check{\mathscr{X}}^{\otimes\mathbb{N}})$  by the split kernel  $\check{P}$ , starting from the probability measure  $\check{\xi}$  on  $(\check{X}, \check{\mathscr{X}}).$ 

- 1. Define  $r_k = \check{\mathbb{E}}_{\check{\alpha}} \left[ \sigma_C^k \mathbb{1} \left\{ d_{X_{\sigma_C^\ell}} = 0, \forall \ell \in [1:k-1] \right\} \right]$  where  $\sigma_C^\ell$  are the successive visits of  $(X_n)$  to the set *C*. Show that  $r_k \leq r_{k-1}(1-\varepsilon) + M(1-\varepsilon)^{k-1}$ .
- 2. Deduce that  $\check{\mathbb{E}}_{\check{\alpha}}[\sigma_{\check{\alpha}}] < \infty$ .